### **Environmental Protection Agency**

stop producing the new or modified containers.

### § 59.625 How do I select emission families?

- (a) Divide your product line into families of portable fuel containers that are expected to have similar emission characteristics throughout the useful life.
- (b) Group containers in the same emission family if they are the same in all the following aspects:
- (1) Type of material (including pigments, plasticizers, UV inhibitors, or other additives that may affect control of emissions).
  - (2) Production method.
  - (3) Spout and cap design.
  - (4) Gasket material and design.
  - (5) Emission control strategy.
- (c) You may subdivide a group of containers that is identical under paragraph (b) of this section into different emission families if you show the expected emission characteristics are different.
- (d) You may group containers that are not identical with respect to the things listed in paragraph (b) of this section in the same emission family if you show that their emission characteristics will be similar throughout their useful life.

# § 59.626 What emission testing must I perform for my application for a certificate of conformity?

This section describes the emission testing you must perform to show compliance with the emission standards in \$59.611.

- (a) Test your products using the procedures and equipment specified in §§ 59.650 through 59.653.
- (b) Select an emission-data unit from each emission family for testing. You must test a production sample or a preproduction product that will represent actual production. Select the configuration that is most likely to exceed (or have emissions nearest to) the applicable emission standard. For example, for a family of multilayer portable fuel containers, test the container with the thinnest barrier layer. Test three identical containers.
- (c) We may measure emissions from any of your products from the emission

family. You must supply your products to us if we choose to perform confirmatory testing.

- (d) You may ask to use emission data from a previous production period (carryover) instead of doing new tests, but only if the emission-data from the previous production period remains the appropriate emission-data unit under paragraph (b) of this section. For example, you may not carryover emission data for your family of containers if you have added a thinner-walled container than was tested previously.
- (e) We may require you to test a second unit of the same or different configuration in addition to the unit tested under paragraph (b) of this section.
- (f) If you use an alternate test procedure under §59.652 and later testing shows that such testing does not produce results that are equivalent to the procedures specified in this subpart, we may reject data you generated using the alternate procedure and base our compliance determination on the later testing.

## § 59.627 How do I demonstrate that my emission family complies with evaporative emission standards?

- (a) For purposes of certification, your emission family is considered in compliance with an evaporative emission standard in §59.611(a) if the test results from all portable fuel containers in the family that have been tested show measured emissions levels that are at or below the applicable standard.
- (b) Your emissions family is deemed not to comply if any container representing that family has test results showing an official emission level above the standard.
- (c) Round the measured emission level to the same number of decimal places as the emission standard. Compare the rounded emission levels to the emission standard.

## §59.628 What records must I keep and what reports must I send to EPA?

- (a) Organize and maintain the following records:
- (1) A copy of all applications and any other information you send us.
- (2) Any of the information we specify in §59.623 that you were not required to include in your application.

#### § 59.629

- (3) A detailed history of each emission-data unit. For each emission-data unit, include all of the following:
- (i) The emission-data unit's construction, including its origin and buildup, steps you took to ensure that it represents production containers, any components you built specially for it, and all the components you include in your application for certification.
- (ii) All your emission tests, including documentation on routine and standard tests, as specified in §\$59.650 through 59.653, and the date and purpose of each test.
- (iii) All tests to diagnose emissioncontrol performance, giving the date and time of each and the reasons for the test.
- (iv) Any other relevant events or information.
- (4) Production figures for each emission family divided by assembly plant.
- (5) If you identify your portable fuel containers by lot number or other identification numbers, keep a record of these numbers for all the containers you produce under each certificate of conformity.
- (b) Keep data from routine emission tests (such as test cell temperatures and relative humidity readings) for one year after we issue the associated certificate of conformity. Keep all other information specified in paragraph (a) of this section for five years after we issue your certificate.
- (c) Store these records in any format and on any media, as long as you can promptly send us organized, written records in English if we ask for them. You must keep these records readily available. We may review them at any time.
- (d) Send us copies of any maintenance instructions or explanations if we ask for them.
- (e) Send us an annual warranty report summarizing successful warranty claims by emission family under §59.612, including the reason for the claim. You must submit the report by July 1 for the preceding calendar year.

## § 59.629 What decisions may EPA make regarding my certificate of conformity?

(a) If we determine your application is complete and shows that the emis-

- sion family meets all the requirements of this subpart and the Act, we will issue a certificate of conformity for your emission family for the specified production period. We may make the approval subject to additional conditions.
- (b) We may deny your application for certification if we determine that your emission family fails to comply with emission standards or other requirements of this subpart or the Act. Our decision may be based on a review of all information available to us. If we deny your application, we will explain why in writing.
- (c) In addition, we may deny your application or suspend, revoke, or void your certificate if you do any of the following:
- (1) Refuse to comply with any testing or reporting requirements.
- (2) Submit false or incomplete information.
  - (3) Render inaccurate any test data.
- (4) Deny us from completing authorized activities (see §59.698). This includes a failure to provide reasonable assistance.
- (5) Produce portable fuel containers for importation into the United States at a location where local law prohibits us from carrying out authorized activities.
- (6) Fail to supply requested information or amend your application to include all portable fuel containers being produced.
- (7) Take any action that otherwise circumvents the intent of the Act or this subpart.
- (d) If we deny your application or suspend, revoke, or void your certificate, you may ask for a hearing (see §59.699).

### § 59.630 EPA testing.

We may test any portable fuel container subject to the standards of this subpart.

(a) Certification and production sample testing. Upon our request, a manufacturer must supply a prototype container or a reasonable number of production samples to us for verification testing. These samples will generally be tested using the full test procedure of §59.653.